

- Discussed about the community resource centres in the villages which are run by women
- Insisted that every individual should participate in the grama sabhas held by the grama panchayat in order to know about the functioning of schools, anganawadis, dairies, community halls, roads, gutters, drinking water etc and could discuss and solve the issues related to the village in these sabhas
- To discuss in their villages regarding violence and harassment cases and child marriages
- Discussed about the nutritional food to be given to children in the schools and anganawadis
- Discussed about the distribution of job cards to the committee members from the grama panchayat
- Provided information to SPG groups regarding SPG concept and rules and made them understand it
- Informed the committee members to participate in the ward sabhas held in the community
- To discuss the problems of women and girls to elected women representatives of their village



- Created awareness on the Sanjeevini self-help groups

By the staff of Grameena Mahila Okkuta and members of the working committees

### Issues / Solutions:

- Because of changing government policies and programmes hurdles are faced in Okkuta programmes due to local political interference
- Due to continuous rains during the month of September, October and November women were not able to participate in the committee meetings
- Due to increase in Corona cases number of village visits got reduced
- Men do not completely allow women to participate in the village level programmes to access information
- Due to continuous rains during the month of September, October and November crop failures have happened in the villages and poor families had to face economic distress

### Strategies

- Created awareness to those women from the households having political background

regarding Okkuta and encouraged them to become committee members of CDC and VDC

- Crop damage/failure in the villages due to heavy rains during the month of September, October and November and submitted applications for compensation
- Women coming forward to access schemes under the changing rules and regulations
- Violence and harassment cases found in CDC and VDC committee villages were recommended to Santwana kendras and discussed it with village elders and solved the issues

### Outcomes:

- Women have developed contacts with 90% of the government departments and officials
- Women were able to get free information regarding all government department schemes and programmes
- In the village level CDC meeting the issues raised were brought to the notice of

the concerned departments and solved the problems. Ex: In Vegamadugu the corrections in the Aadhar and linking it with pensions {rectifying Aadhar -6, pension issues -2, E-labour card -110, Ayushmann Bharath Arogya Karnataka card - 69, Construction workers card - 52, Sanjeevini Self-help groups - 20}

- Reduction in child marriages and violence and harassment against women
- Increase in the understanding of gender equality and gender discrimination among women and men at the home front
- Ration kits were distributed to the committee members of CDC and VDC who had family members with disability, adolescent girls, pension holders and single women
- A survey was conducted in the villages to understand the government benefits received among them due to lockdown
- CDC committee members conducted a survey in the villages to understand the crop loss due to heavy rains and shared the information

## CDC and VDC Committees at village level

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Total Meetings held	No. of Committee Members	Women	Men	Youths Girls / Boys
1.	Sonavadi	12	27	20	2	5
2.	Kavathanahalli	12	22	20	1	1
3.	Gumlapura	7	5	5	-	-
4.	D. Kurubarahalli	10	15	10	5	-
5.	Moparahalli	12	24	20	2	2

Sl. No.	Name of the villages	Total Meetings held	No. of Committee Members	Women	Men	Youths Girls / Boys
6.	Basavarajapura	11	23	20	2	1
7.	Puttenahalli	12	35	25	5	5
8.	Beemanatha	12	39	30	5	4
9.	Vegamadaggu	12	40	30	5	5
10.	K B Kothuru	10	25	20	3	2
11.	Madaghatta	18	30	25	5	5
12.	Siddaghatta	-	-	-	-	-
13.	Kadaripura	16	33	20	10	3
14.	Cheluvunayakanahalli	14	37	30	5	2
15.	Sangasandra	14	33	24	7	2
16.	Manenahalli	17	32	26	5	1
17.	Batrahalli	18	24	22	2	-
18.	Chikkabandahalli	12	13	10	3	-
19.	Doddabandahalli	12	17	16	1	-
20.	Chamareddihalli	12	14	14	-	-
21.	Nandamballi	14	30	27	3	-
22.	Chittari	11	28	23	5	2
23.	S.Chadumanahalli	14	40	37	3	5
24.	Gandhipura	10	28	23	5	3
25.	Yedahalli	8	20	20	-	-
26.	Kumudenahalli	10	25	18	7	-
27.	Jolamgunte	10	25	23	2	-
28.	Jayamangala	7	30	24	6	-
29.	Kappalamaduggu	8	30	24	6	-
30.	A S Halli	5	15	15	-	-
31.	Bandahalli	7	25	18	7	-
32.	Minjenahalli	9	22	19	3	2
	Total	356	836	665	108	50

## ■ Dissemination of Information

### Activities

Dissemination of information about Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Scheme

### Objective:

To create awareness about the central government's scheme MGNREGS for rural poor people. GMO created awareness about the importance of job cards. To create more awareness about this scheme contacted the officials of taluk panchayat and zilla panchayat and collected detailed information about the scheme for dissemination

### Impact:

- Impact got aware of the programmes/schemes of grama panchayat and have come forward to access it
- Came to know about free training programmes of grama panchayat and coming forward to access it (LCRP, MBK)
- People came to know that they can increase their family income through NREGS and have shown interest to access it
- Became aware of Sanjeevini self-help groups of grama panchayat and have become the members of this self help groups
- 85 percent of the CDC / VDC members family have accessed job cards
- Community had direct contact with the officials of zilla and taluk panchayats /departments and became aware of state

and central government schemes and programmes

- GP elected members of the villages have shown responsibility in getting the works done and in supporting the community to get work
- Women got information regarding the special benefits under Sanjeevini scheme
- Became aware that women and men are given equal wages under NREGS. They got aware that one family with job card is entitled for 100 days wages from the grama panchayat
- To enlist the basic needs and works of the villages in the ward and grama sabhas
- Encouraged CDC? VDC members to participate in ward grama sabhas
- About 85 percent of the women have taken up NREGS work and have enhanced their family income
- When women visited the grama panchayat offices they have been provided with the relevant information and the required benefits
- In total women have understood and learnt about all the schemes and benefits from grama panchayats

### Issues / solutions:

- This year due to continuous rain for six months all the lakes and tanks have been filled, hence no NREGS work has taken place
- During 2021-2022 the rules and regulations of MGNREGS got strictly implemented. Hence common people did



not show interest to take up jobs as they have to invest to take up the jobs

- Women have not shown interest to take up nregs work as there is influence of local politics
- Had discussions with the grama panchayat members regarding starting of NREGS works
- PDOs have distributed job cards in front of GP members
- Have not received wages even after 15 days of completion of work and this was brought to the notice of PDO and informed women about the actions that would be taken up
- There will be hurdles in starting NREGS work and hence decided to hold talks with GP Members and PDO to overcome the issues

## Results:

- Grama panchayats officials visited the villages and directly distributed job cards
- Grama panchayats officials identified the works to be done in the villages
- Officials identified the works related to women and provided the requisite information to access it
- When women visited the grama panchayats, the officials would immediately attend to their problems and give recommendations
- A bonding has been developed between the community and the grama panchayat development officers
- The information gained in the workshops by women are been implemented at their homes
- An environment to speak openly to officials about the issues has been created as well to consider it
- Women have built their capacities to take decisions regarding economic, political and social issues
- Women are coming forward to access various schemes from the panchayats by producing the necessary documents
- About 80 percent of women and men from the villages have directly accessed the works and benefits
- At village level, information have been disseminated about the various works
- People coming forward to take up NREGS works because at the village level the information was given by the officials themselves



### **JOB CARD availed THROUGH GRAM PANCHAYAT - 2021**

<b>Sl.No.</b>	<b>No. of Village</b>	<b>Total Job Cards</b>	<b>Gram Panchyat</b>
1.	Bevnattha	30	Mallnayakanahalli
2.	Vegamadugu	28	Timmarauthnahalli
3.	Sonnvadi	28	Sonnvadi
4.	Doddbandahalli	10	Pichhagutlahalli
5.	Puttenhalli	5	Mallnayakanahalli
6.	jayamangala	10	
7.	Minijenahalli	5	
8.	Nandambhalli	15	
9.	Gandhipura	8	
10.	Yadhalli	8	
11.	Kumudenahalli	7	
12.	Chadumanahalli	5	
13.	Chitteri	3	
14.	Bandhalli	3	
15.	Kappalmadugu	10	
	Total	175	

#### **Consultation workshop on subsistence livelihoods for rural women**

Date: 23.12.2021

Place: Grameena Mahila Okkuta

No. of participants: 120

Welcome: H M Lakshamma

Invocation: M G Papamma,  
H M Lakshamma

Resource Persons: Prabhakar Sir (State Resource Person- Organic farming), Muralai

Sir (Raitha Samparka Kendra, Avani), Mallikarjun (District Coordinator)

Narration: Pushpalatha

Smt. M S Jayalakshmi, administrator of the Okkuta wished women on the 'Women Farmers Day' celebration and spoke about the objective of this programme. Programme was inaugurated by lighting the lamp by the resource persons, president, secretaries and working committee members. Later Pushpalatha also congratulated women on the women farmers' day.

Shri Prabhakar wished the women and created awareness about organic farming and related information was given. Spoke about food and food security. He said mother earth gives food to all the living beings on earth. In 2015 World soil day celebration was introduced and said that soil is wealth.

We give score 1 for health, score 10 for education, score 100 for employment, score 1000 for family and score 10000 for problem solutions. We should give first importance to health. We should take care of the fertile land of our elders, we are exploiting the land and that is why we are not able to grow crops. If we have to lead a healthy life we should give importance to the land.

A study conducted by Manipal hospital, Kolar shows that human body has 50 percent poison. In Punjab and Orissa they grow paddy and wheat under organic farming. First one has to grow the land and then the crops, about this Purandaradasa has said soil has to be taken care and soil is the life and one who leaves soil do not have any basis to live.

Earth is covered with 75 percent water and 20 percent land and we get only 5 percent food. In 1947 the population was 30 crores and now it is 140 crores, then the cattle population was 30 crores and now 20 percent.

Prime Minister released a notification stating that chemical fertilisers should not be used in agricultural cultivation. He also said that if one consumes 5 ml of local cow's urine in the empty stomach will get cured of cancer.

If a woman makes up her mind the family will be happy and can change the village and the society. He said there is a need to give importance to the animals (cattle). He also said that four factors - organisms, moisture, drainage and soil content helps in having a healthy land. Also said about the preparation of organic fertilisers - in 5 litres of cows urine grind 1 kg green chillies and should be kept aside for 3 days and then mix it well and filter it. As per the requirement take the quantity of the mixture and mix it in water and spray it for the crops. He also told in 5 litres of cow urine one can ground to a paste 1 kg of garlic and 1 kg of ginger and mixed in it. One cow will give out 20 litres of urine every day and it has high content of nitrogen and potash.

Growing azolla: requires one basket of cow dung, red mud and lime. When it is fed to cows it gives good milk with high fat content.

To have a healthy soil one has to grow monocotyledons and dicotyledons as well as those crops that would retain the water content. That would increase micro-organisms in the soil and the land would be more fertile and can get good crops.

How to do soil test was narrated. To take a plastic bottle and fill half the bottle with the mud and pour water till  $\frac{3}{4}$  part of the bottle and mix well. After 6 hours the result of the land can be known - whether it is fertile or not.

According to diversified nature per year the earthworms would bring 15 tonnes of the bottom soil to the top.



## Planning & Review Meetings with Communities and Grama Panchyaths

Sl. No.	Date	Venue	Name of the Programme	Resource Person / Department	Participants Women / Men / Youth
1.	12.01.2021	Cheluvanayakanahalli	Planning & Review Meeting with Communities and Grama Panchayaths	Mr. Thulasi Ram Shetti PDO, Ms. Ramakka GP Member	49
2.	13.01.2021	Puttenahalli		Mr. Ramesh (PDO Grama panchayathi, Mr. Mani (Grama Panchayathi)	45
3.	29.01.2021	Kavathanahalli		Ms.Saritha (PDO Sonnavadi Grama Panchyathi)  Mr.Vinodh JE, Mr. Manjunath & Mr. Prakash Bill Culcter	39
4.	30.01.2021	Mulabagal		Mr.Srinivas (EO) Taluk Panchyathi Mulbagal  Mr.Ravichandra (AD) Taluk Panchyathi Mulbagal	80
5.	04.02.2021	Mannenahalli		Mr.Varadaraj Bill Culcter Alanguru Panchyathi Mr.Jagadhish water man	44
6.	22.02.2021	Kurudumale		Mr.Tulasi Ram Shetti (PDO Kurudumale GP)  Mrs.Ramakka Grama panchyathi Member	80

7.	26.02.2021	Mulabagal		Mr.Srinivas (EO) Taluk Panchyathi Mulbagal  Mr.Ramachandra (AD)Taluk Panchyathi Mulbagal	80
8.	09.04.2021	Thimmaravuthanahalli		Mr. Nilakanttegvada MBL	15
9.	06.04.2021	Kurudumale		Mr.Tulasi Ram Shetti (PDO Kurudumale GP)  Mrs.Ramakka Grama Panchyathi Member	30
10.	15.04.2021	Kurudumale		Mr. Tulasi Ram Shetti (PDO Kurudumale GP)  Mrs.Ramakka Grama panchyathi Member	35
11.	14.09.2021	Doddbandhalli		Mr.Ashok, Sudha (G.P member), Munirthnappa (G.P member)	32
12.	25.11.2021	Bevnatha		Mr. Ramesh (PDO Grama anchayathi) Kodandarama (Grama panchyathi member)	30
13.	23.11.2021	Kurdumale		Mr. Tulasi Ram Shetti (PDO Kurudumale GP)  Mrs.Ramakka Grama panchyathi Member	10
14.	29.03.2022	Cheluvanayakanahlli		Mr. Tulasi Ram Shetti [P.D.O], G.P members, Mr. Murali [taluk co-ordinator]	50
15.	30.03.2022	Kavathanahalli		Ms.Saritha [P.D.O], Ms. Shayamla [chairmen]	25



16.	18.01.2022	MBL		Mr.Ravichandra [A.D] Taluk Panchyathi Mulbagal	70
17.	20.01.2022	Nandanbahalli		Ms.Lakshmi [P.D.O. Shapur G.P], Ms.Munjula [Chairmen Shapur G.P]	40
18.	24.01.2022	Kappalamadgu		Mr.Srinivas [ P.D.O Kappalamadgu G.P], Mr. Vikas [Kappalamadgu G.P vice chairmen]	60
19.	04.02.2022	Gandipura		Mr.Narayanaswami [Secratry]	50
20.	16.04.2022	Chadumanahalli		Ms.Muniyamma [Vice chairmen], Mr.Babu [G.P member], Ms. Maniyamma [Secretory]	60

**Mr. Murali (Raitha Samparka Kendra)** He gave the following information to the participants. How to apply for crop loss compensation, fund will be given for construction of cattle sheds as well as for rearing sheep, hens, pigs and honey bees

(apiculture), vermi composting. Required documents to be produced to access these benefits. Rs. 45,000/- will be given for the construction of cattle shed. Each hobli will have one Raitha Samparka Kendra and you all can find out the various benefits that are been

